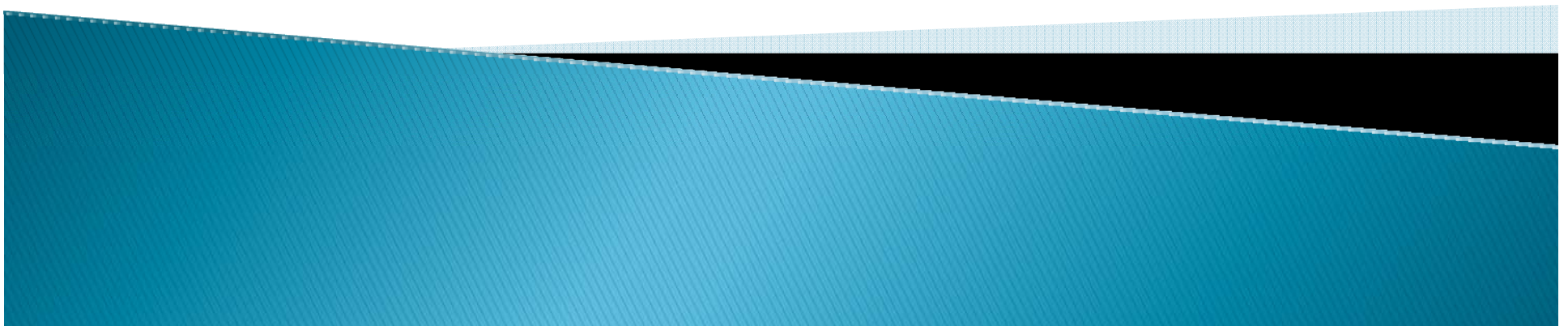




A Resilient Nation

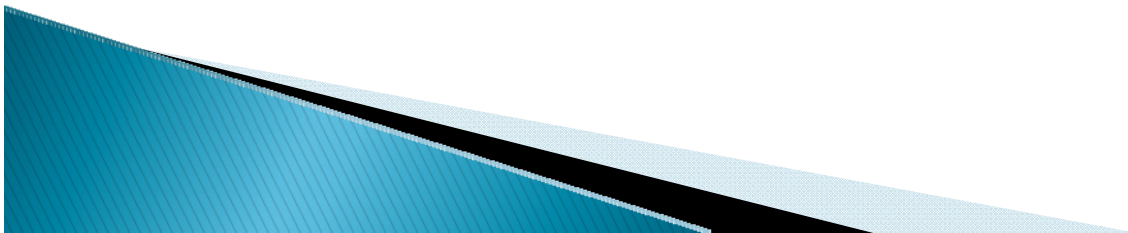
Steve Jordan



Resiliency

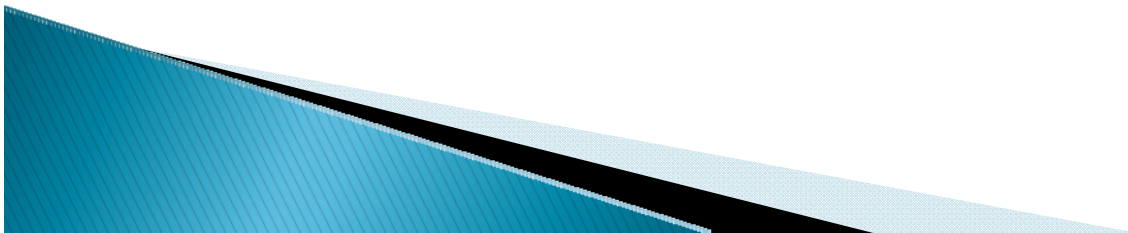
- ▶ **Definition:**

the ability to identify the threats, natural and technological, intentional and accidental, establish a presence of preparedness, respond quickly and with efficiency, and rapidly recover back to a state of normalcy.



Disasters

- ▶ Natural
- ▶ Man-Made
- ▶ Technological
 - ▶ Pandemic



Comparisons

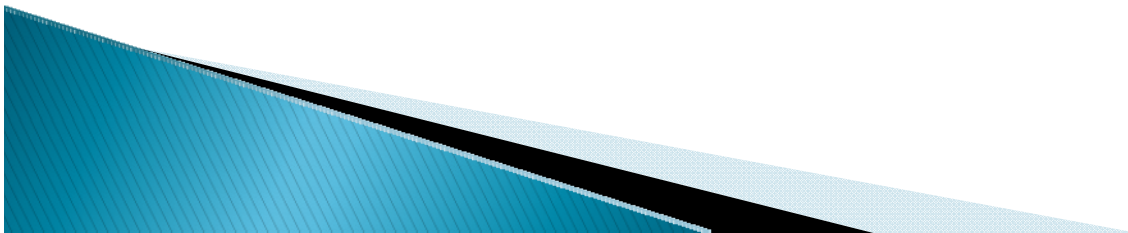
Catastrophe vs. Disaster

Entitlement vs. Commitment

Region vs. Network

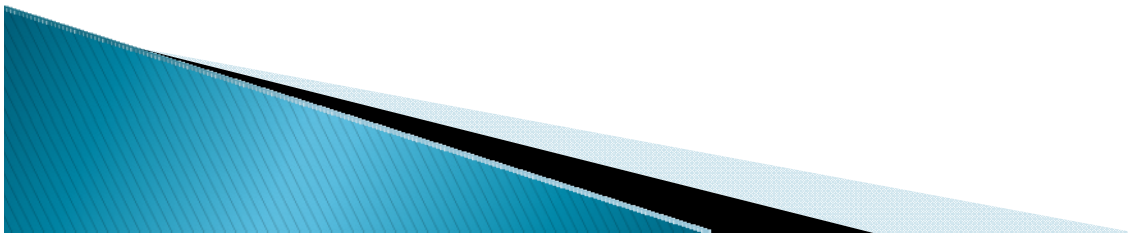
Response vs. Recovery

Emergency Response vs. Continuity



Tiered Response

Federal
State
County
Mutual Aid
Local
Neighborhood



San Jose California

Population = 1,000,000

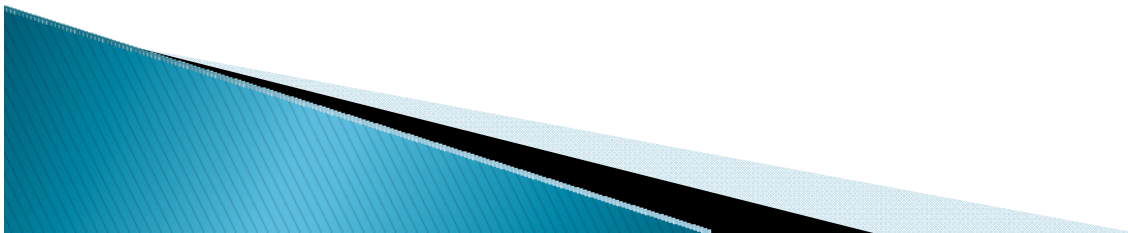
35 Engine Companies

175 Firefighters

Disaster

20% of population requires assistance

10% requiring assistance are critical

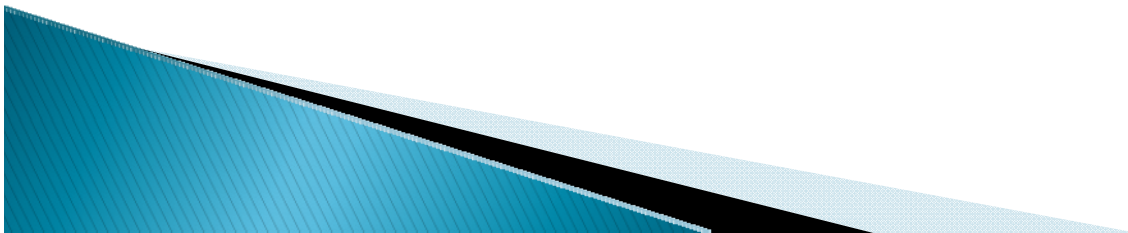


Disaster

20,000 critical care patients

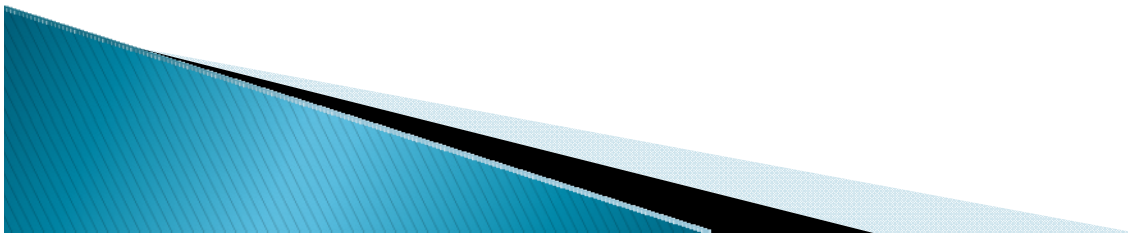
28 Engine Companies

714 patients per engine company



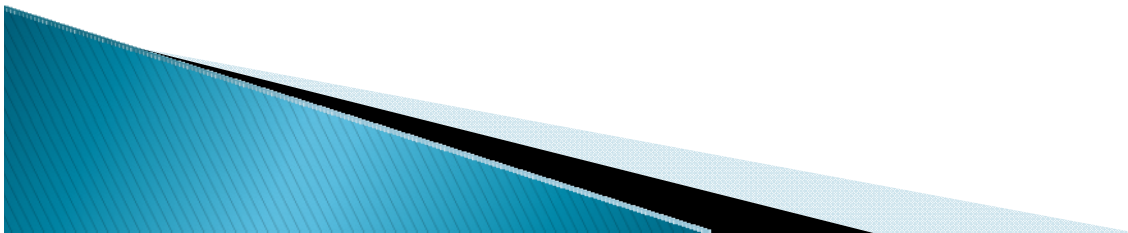
Post Katrina

- ▶ Most or all of community infrastructure impacted
- ▶ Local officials unable to resume roles
- ▶ No assistance from neighboring communities
- ▶ Day-to-day community functions
- ▶ Political arena dramatically increased
- ▶ Mass media influences response
- ▶ Mass movement of population



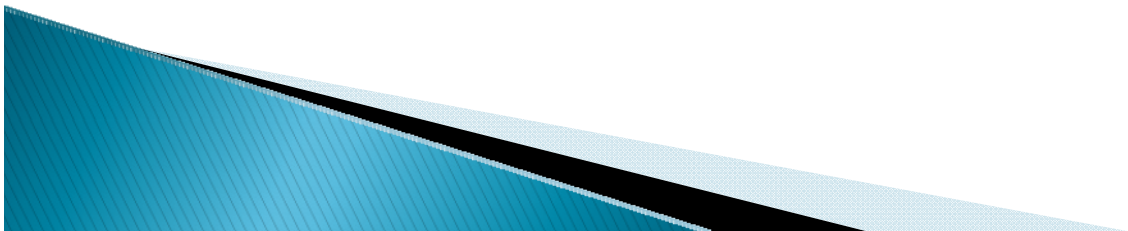
Who's Responsible

Business Model



Building the Plan

- ▶ Hazard Analysis
- ▶ Vulnerability Analysis
- ▶ Risk Analysis
- ▶ Risk Management
- ▶ Needs vs. Capabilities
- ▶ Planning
- ▶ Training



National Disaster Resiliency Center

- ▶ Logistical Support Center
 - ▶ Research Center
 - ▶ Learning Center

